

ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT 2018

COSMETOLOGY AND SPA ACADEMY - CRYSTAL LAKE LOCATION

COSMETOLOGY AND SPA ACADEMY - SCHAUMBURG LOCATION

PUBLISHED SEPTEMBER 2018

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CAMPUS SECURITY REPORT FOR BOTH LOCATIONS 2018

The Academy has current policies regarding procedures for students and other to report criminal actions or other emergency occurring on both campuses. The policies are the same for both our locations.

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act), in addition to the Campus Security Act, requires all schools, colleges and universities that participate in federal financial aid programs to keep and disclose information about crime on and near their respective campuses. The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act (VAWA) amended the Cleary Act to require institutions to compile statistics for the number of incidents of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking as well as to include certain policies, procedures and programs pertaining to these incidents in this report.

Campuses are not permitted to take retaliatory action against anyone with respect to the implementation of any provision of the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act or Violence Against Women Act. Cosmetology and Spa Academy has no dorms on campus and does not recognize any off campus student organizations that would be covered under this act.

All students, employees or anyone else interested on receiving a paper copy of this Annual Security Report may contact our Administration at sch-studentservices@cosmetologyandspaacademy.com. There is no fee charged for this report. This report is kept in the each location Manager Office. The Academy will update this report annually based on the information received from the policies stations in Crystal Lake or Schaumburg Village. The Report will be posted on our website under disclosures page http://cosmetologyandspaacademy.com/csa-disclosures/. The current student and employees will receive a notification when this report is updated.

CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITY CONTACTS

Crystal Lake Location CSA

Gentiana Halimi

700 E Terra Cotta Ave, IL 60014

Contact Ms. Genta genta@cosmetologyandspaacademy.com

Ph. Nr. 815 575 6554

Monday – Friday 9:00 am – 3:00 pm

Schaumburg location CSA

Mira Dosti

142 E Golf St

Schuamburg, IL 60073

Contact Ms. Mira mira@cosmetologyandspaacademy.com

Ph. Nr. 815 575 6620

Monday - Friday 9:00 am - 3:00 pm

Cosmetology and Spa Academy is in compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989 (Public law 101-226). All students and employees should refer to the "Drug & Alcohol Prevention Information" given to each student at orientation for information concerning the campus policies and individual responsibilities required under the act. The campus will provide to each student upon enrollment a clear written notice with information on the penalties associated with drug-related offenses and the link where this information is published on the Academy website. This information is re-enforced to each student during orientation. The National Minimum Drinking Age Act of 1984 required all states to raise their minimum purchase and public possession of alcohol to age 21.

STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FOR A DRUG FREE CAMPUS

Cosmetology and Spa Academy, hereafter referred to as "this institution", has a policy of maintaining a Drug- Free Workplace.

Statement Addressing Alcoholic Beverages

Students are prohibited from the unlawful manufacture, distribution, possession, or use of illegal drugs or alcohol. This prohibition applies while on the property of the Academy or participating in any institutional activities off campus. Students who violate this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion or termination from the Academy. There are numerous legal sanctions and health risks associated with illicit drug and alcohol abuse. You can view the health risks by following this link: http://www.cosmetologyandspaacademy.com/images/DRUG-AND-ALCOHOL-PREVENTION.pdf. If you or anyone you know has a drug or alcohol problem, there are drug and alcohol counseling, treatment, and rehabilitation facilities available in your area. The number for your local substance abuse treatment center is located in your orientation information. There are also national organizations and hotlines (800-252-6465) and the National Academy of Drug Abuse Hotline (800-662-4257). Information about substance abuse education programs is available as required by the "Drug-Free Campus Act." The Act forbids the possession, use, or sale of alcoholic beverages or illegal drugs on school grounds by any student, faculty, or staff member. Students found in violation of these standards of conduct will be suspended or terminated from the Academy. The Cosmetology

and Spa Academy have been designated "Drug-free" and "Alcohol-free" environment. It is unlawful to sell, furnish or provide alcohol to a person under the age of 21. The possession of alcohol by anyone under 21 years old in a public place or a place open to the public is illegal.

Policy Statement Addressing Illegal Drug Possession

The Academy campus has been designated "Drug- on no circumstances is the consumption of alcohol permitted. The possession, sale, manufacture or distribution of any controlled substance is illegal under both state and federal laws. Violators are subject to Academy disciplinary action, criminal prosecution, fine, and incarceration.

All students and employees are hereby notified that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession or use of controlled substances (drugs and alcohol) is prohibited in this institution's campus/workplace.

In compliance with the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, this institution's "Campus/Workplace" consists of the following locations of each individual location:

- a.) The entire Academy /salon facility and its parking lot.
- b.) Any location used for an off-site school function i.e., competition, hair show, graduation, etc.
- c.) Students and employees must comply with the policy while off-site if they are participating in any activities with or on behalf of this institution in any capacity.

Non-compliance with the terms in Paragraph 1(above) will result in the following actions being taken by this institution:

- a.) Notification to the proper law enforcement authorities.
- b.) Termination of enrollment/employment.

All students and employees must read and understand the following statement:

- a.) I understand that Cosmetology and Spa Academy, by participating in Title IV Federal Aid, must establish a policy of a Drug-Free Campus/Workplace, and as a student/employee of Cosmetology and Spa Academy, I must acknowledge and agree to abide by the terms of Paragraph 1(above).
- b.) I must notify the School Director/Owner of any criminal drug statute conviction of a violation occurring on the campus/work place within five calendar days after such conviction.
- c.) I understand that this institution has established a Drug-Free Awareness Program to inform students and employees about:

- This institution's policy of maintaining a Drug-Free Campus/Workplace.
- Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and student/employee assistance programs.
- The penalties that may be imposed upon student/employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the campus/workplace (see paragraph 3 above).

Student understands that if a student is convicted of any criminal drug activities, enrollment will be terminated at that time. If convicted of a criminal drug offense resulting from a violation occurring during the conduct of any activity with Cosmetology and Spa Academy the student must report the conviction, in writing, within 5 calendar days of the conviction to the management of Cosmetology and Spa Academy.

DRUG & ALCOHOL AWARENESS : DESCRIPTION OF HEALTH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH ALCOHOL

Alcohol consumption causes a number of marked changes in behavior. Even low doses significantly impair the judgment and coordination required to drive a car safely, increasing the likelihood of an accident. Low-to- moderate doses of alcohol may also increase the incidence of a variety of aggressive acts, including spouse and child abuse. Moderate-to-high doses of alcohol may cause marked impairments to higher mental functions, severely altering a person's ability to learn and remember information. Very high doses may cause respiratory depression and death. If combined with other depressants of the central nervous system, much lower doses of alcohol will produce the effects just described.

Repeated use of alcohol can lead to dependence. Sudden cessation of alcohol intake is likely to produce withdrawal symptoms, including severe anxiety, tremors, hallucinations, and convulsions. Alcohol withdrawal can be life-threatening. Long-term consumption of large quantities of alcohol, particularly when combined with poor nutrition, can also lead to permanent damage to vital organs such as the brain and the liver.

Mothers who drink alcohol during pregnancy may give birth to infants with fetal alcohol syndrome. These infants have irreversible physical abnormalities and mental retardation. In addition, research indicated that children of alcoholic parents are at greater risk of becoming alcoholics than other youngsters. More information can be found online at: http://www.narconon.org/drug-abuse/alcohol/health-risk.html?gclid=CNu9ogOOs88CFdcXgOodgCID9g

SANCTIONS FOR VIOLATING DRUG & ALCOHOL LAWS

Federal, State And Local Penalties- Punishable Law

Local, state and federal laws exist that may be used to punish violators. Penalties can range from suspension, revocation or denial of a driver's license to 20-50 year's incarceration without benefit of parole. The property may be seized, or community services and/or restitution may be mandated. Persons under age 21 found possessing alcohol may be given a maximum fine of \$50. Anyone convicted of fraudulently using a driver's license to buy or attempt to buy alcohol may have his/her driver's license suspended for up to 90 days. Persons convicted of buying alcohol through fraudulent means face a possible \$100 fine and/or being required to do up to 30 hours of community service work. A violation of any law regarding alcohol is also a violation of the Academy 's Student Code of Conduct and will be treated as a separate disciplinary matter by the Academy.

Federal Penalties & Sanctions For Illegal Possession Of A Controlled Substance

First Offense: Loss of eligibility for federal financial aid for one year from the date of conviction. Up to 1 year imprisonment and fined at least \$1,000 but not more than \$100,000 or both

Second Offense: Loss of Loss of eligibility for federal financial aid for two years from the date of conviction. At least 15 days in prison, not to exceed 2 years, and fined at least \$2,500 but not more than \$250,000, or both

Third and Subsequent Offenses: Indefinite ineligibility for federal financial aid, from the time of conviction.

Federal financial aid includes:

- Federal Pell Grant
- Academic Competitiveness Grant(ACG)
- o Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG)
- o Federal Stafford Direct Loan (DL)Program

Federal Stafford Direct Parent Loan for Student (PLUS)

Federal Stafford Direct PLUS loans for graduate and professional degree students
 For information on Federal Trafficking Penalties, please visit the following link:
 https://www.dea.gov/druginfo/ftp3.shtml

Plus: At least 90 days in prison, not to exceed 3 years, and fined at least \$5,000 but not more than \$250,000 or both Special sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine: Mandatory at least 5 years in prison, not to exceed 20 years, and fined up to \$250,000, or both if:

- O last convictions and amount of crack possessed exceeds 5 grams.
- o 2nd crack conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceed 3 grams.
- o 3rd or subsequent crack conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 1 gram.
- Forfeiture of personal and real property used to possess or to facilitate possession of a controlled substance if that offense is punishable by more than 1 year of imprisonment. (See special sentencing provisions are: crack.)
- Forfeiture of vehicles, boats, aircraft, or any other conveyance used to transport or conceal a controlled substance.
- Civil fine of up to \$10,000 (pending adoption of final regulations)
- Denial of federal benefits such as student loans, grants, contracts, and professional and commercial licenses, up to 1 year for first offense and up to 5 years for second and subsequent offenses.
- Ineligible to receive or purchase a firearm.
- Revocation of certain federal licenses and benefits (e.g. pilot licenses, public housing tenancy, etc.) are vested within the authorities of individual federal agencies.

Federal Trafficking Penalties For Illegal Distribution Of A Controlled Substance

- Methamphetamine (10-99 gm, or 100-199 gm mixture)
- Heroin (100-999 gm mixture)
- Cocaine/Cocaine Base (500-4,999 gm mixture (Cocaine)/5-49 gm mixture (Cocaine Base))
- Phencyclidine (PCP) (10-99 gm or 100-999 gm mixture)
- LSD (1-10 gm mixture)
- Fentanyl/Fentanyl Analogue (40-399 gm mixture (Fentanyl)/10-99 gm mixture (Fentanyl Analogue))
- Marijuana (Mixture containing detectable quantity) (100-1,000 kg; or 100-999 plants)
- 1.First Offense: Not less than 5 years; not more than 40 years. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years; not more than life. Fine of not more than \$2 million individual, \$5 million other than individual.
- 2. Second Offense: Not less than 10 years; not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than life. Fine of not more than \$4 million individual,\$10 million other than individual.
- Methamphetamine (100gm or more, or 1kg or more mixture)
- Heroin (1kg or more mixture)
- Cocaine/Cocaine Base (5 kg or more mixture (Cocaine)/50 gm or more mixture (Cocaine Base))
- Phencyclidine (PCP) (100 gm or more, or 1kg or more mixture)
- LSD (10 gm or more mixture)
- Fentanyl/Fentanyl Analogue (400 gm or more mixture (Fentany 1)/100 gm or more mixture (Fentanyl Analogue))
- Marijuana (Mixture containing detectable quantity) (1,000 kg or more; or 1,000 or more plants)
- 1. First Offense: Not less than 10 years; not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years; not more than life. Fine of not more than \$4 million individual,\$10 million other than individual
- 2. Second Offense: Not less than 20 years; not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than life. Fine of not more than \$8 million individual, \$20 million other than individual.
- Marijuana (Less than 50 kg)
- Hashish/HashishOil(Lessthan 10kg(Hashish)/lessthan 1kg(HashishOil))

- 1. First Offense: Not more than 5 years. Fine of not more than \$250,000 individual,\$1 million other than individual.
- 2. Second Offense: Not more than 10 years. Fine of not more than \$500,000 individual,\$2 million other than individual.
- Marijuana (50-100 kg; or 50-99 plants)
- Hashish/Hashish Oil {10-100 kg (Hashish)/1-100 kg (HashishOil)}
- 1. First Offense: Not more than 20 years. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years; not more than life. Fine of no more than \$1 million individual.\$5 million other than individual.
- 2. Second Offense: Not more than 30 years. If death or serious injury, not less than life. Fine of no more than \$2 million individual, \$10 million other than individual.
- https://www.dea.gov/druginfo/ftp3.shtml

State Penalties & Sanctions

There are legal sanctions under state law for the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol. A violation under state law may result in a misdemeanor or felony conviction, depending on the nature of the offense, punishable by imprisonment, payment of fines, confiscation or real and personal property, or a combination of the three.

More information will be found on these websites:

ILLINOIS DRUG LAW: https://www.iwu.edu/counseling/Illinois Drug Laws.htm

HOW ILLINOIS CLASSIFIES CDS POSSESSION CRIMES:

http://www.criminaldefenselawyer.com/resources/criminal-defense/drug-charges/possession-controlled-substance-illinois#

UNDER ILLINOIS LAW, the sanctions listed below are imposed for alcohol and substance abuse offenses:

- It is a Class A misdemeanor to sell or deliver alcohol to anyone under 21 years of age or any intoxicated person (235 ILCS 5/6-16). Violations can result in fines of up to \$2,500 and one year in jail.
- Illegal possession of alcohol by someone less than 21 years of age is a Class A misdemeanor with fines up to \$2,500 and six months in jail.
- When a violation of the above directly or indirectly results in great bodily harm or death to any person, the person in violation will be guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- It is illegal for a person under 21 to present false identification in an attempt to purchase alcohol.
- A person who falsely states in writing that he or she is at least 21 years of age when receiving alcohol from a representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier, or who has in his or her possession any false or fraudulent written, printed, or photo static evidence of age and identity, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but not be limited to, the following: a penalty of not less than \$500 and at least 25 hours of community service. If possible, any community service shall be performed for an alcohol abuse prevention program.
- Illinois enforces a zero tolerance law for persons under the age of 21 who purchase, attempt to purchase, or have any trace of alcohol in their system will lose their driving privileges. Their driver's license or instruction permit will be suspended or revoked without a hearing.
- Individuals under the age of 21 can also be charged with a DUI if they have a blood-alcohol level of .08 or any illegal drugs in their 'system. A first DUI offense can result in a \$1,000 fine and up to one year in jail. Subsequent offenses carry more severe fines and penalties; for example, the third DUI is a Class 4 felony with a minimum of six years loss of full driving privileges, imprisonment of one to three years, and fines of up to\$25,000.
- Possession of fewer than 2.5 grams of cannabis is a Class C misdemeanor for the first offense, with a fine of up to \$500 and/or incarceration for up to 30 days. Possession of higher amounts of subsequent offenses can raise the charge as high as a Class 1 felony, with a fine of up to \$25,000 and incarceration of four to fifteen years.
- Manufacturer of delivery of fewer than 2.5 grams of cannabis can constitute a Class B misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$1,500 and imprisonment of up to six months. Subsequent offenses or offenses involving higher amounts of cannabis can raise the charge to a Class X felony with fines of up to \$200,000 and

		Psychological	Possible Effects
sentence of land may more with incarceration Narcotias fines of up to \$ •Those involved in the sentence of land may more with incarceration.	ease the Charge dence 1 of 10 to 50 years 2000,000. he manufacture or deliver	Greater felony y of a	ASSOCIATED WITH DRUG USE https://www.drugabuse.gov/publications/crugs-brains-behavior-science- addiction/addiction-health
3 felony with a fine of up to \$75,0		s and a gh as a	Alertness Euphoria
Amphetamine /	Possible	High	Increased Pulse Rate & Blood
Methamphetamine			Pressure Pressure
Methylphenidate	Possible	High	Excitation
Other Stimulants	Possible	High	Insomnia Loss of Appetite
Marijuana	Unknown	Moderate	Euphoria
Tetrahyrocannabi nol Hashish&HashishOil	Unknown Unknown	Moderate Moderate	Relaxed InhibitionsDisorientation
Hallucinogens			
LSD	None	Unknown	
Mescaline& Peyote	None	Unknown	
Amphetamine Var.	Unknown	Unknown	Illusions & Hallucinations
Phencyclidine &	Unknown	High	Altered perception of Time & Distance
Analogs Testosterone Cypionate,Enanthate Nandrolone	Unknown	Unknown	VirilizationAcneTesticular Atrophy
(Decanoate Phenproprionate)	Unknown	Unknown	GynecomastiaAggressive Behavior
Oxymetholone	Unknown	Unknown	• Edema

PREVENTION PROGRAMS

The Academy has developed a program to prevent the illicit use of drugs and the abuse of alcohol by students and employees. The program provides services related to drug use and abuse including dissemination of informational materials, referrals, and institution disciplinary actions.

Resources Available

The Academy highly recommends the use of all resources available to prevent the addictions on drug and alcohol abuse. There is counseling, rehabilitation, and treatment centers located in most major cities and/or associated with local hospitals and health clinics. The yellow pages of the local phone directory are an excellent source. Look under the heading:

Drug Abuse and Addiction – Information for Treatment; or under Alcohol Abuse and Treatment. Here is some useful sites on the internet: www.findtreatment.samhsa.gov; www.soberrecovery.com; www.chicagoaa.org; www.soberrecovery.com; <

The Cosmetology and Spa Academy encourages its students and employees to live a healthy lifestyle free from the use of controlled substances. Some of the alternatives are sport, physical activities, cultural events or volunteerism.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE & EVACUATION PLAN

Cosmetology and Spa Academy requires its campuses to maintain an Emergency Response and Evacuation Plan (EREP) which includes plans and instructions to be followed by campus administration, faculty, staff, students and guests in the event of emergencies and evacuations. Each campus has a Campus Security Authority (CSA),

who is responsible for reporting and ensuring the evacuation of the campus in the case of an emergency. The CSA is the Manager at each campus. The EREP includes:

- A provision for immediate notification of the campus community upon confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health and safety of students or staff occurring on the campus.
- Procedures for testing and publishing the plan on an annual basis.
- Procedures for disseminating updated emergency information, which explain how this information will be communicated to the campus and relevant members of the community on a regular basis.

SECURITY & ACCESS TO FACILITIES

Each campus at the Academy limits access to all campus facilities to authorized personnel, students, and visitors. Unauthorized persons will be considered "trespassers" and will be dealt with accordingly.

Adequate lighting is provided at all campus locations, especially in outside areas. Certain school staff and faculty are always on campus during business hours.

Only authorized vehicles are allowed to park in the designated parking areas.

The Campus Security Authority at each campus represents the campus and is instructed to enforce campus security policies in case of suspicions actions in campus or around it.

Security personnel is defined as any individual who is responsible for monitoring entrance into campus property, and any individual specified in a campus security policy as an individual to whom students and employees should report criminal offenses. This individual may have significant responsibility for student and campus activities but is limited to enforcement of campus rules and regulations. Incidents that go beyond the scope of campus personnel are referred to and investigated by the local law enforcement agencies, local police stations at each location.

Security personnel and every employee have the authority to evict unauthorized persons from the campus premises and will notify local authorities of all actual or suspected criminal activities, including trespassing.

The campuses maintain relationships with local police through collection of statistical reports. In addition, the campuses administration work with local law enforcements as necessary to report or investigate crimes.

CRIME AWARENESS & PREVENTION

All new campus employees and students are instructed on crime awareness during the orientation process. This includes the description of campus security measures and procedures for reporting any criminal activity or emergency. Students are required to follow campus security guidelines to protect their own personal property, and are encouraged to report any suspicious

activity.

Prospective students and employees are provided with a summary of the campus measures to prevent crime on campus, with details for acquiring the complete policies and procedures package for the campus via the catalog, online or at the campus location. This information on crime awareness is readily available upon request and will be updated and re-distributed to all existing students and staff on an annual basis.

The campus does not maintain any off-campus student organizations.

INFORMATION ABOUT REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS

The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act requires schools, colleges and universities to disclose to its students the location of sex offender registries and the campus community where state law enforcement agency information concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. The act also requires registered sex offenders to provide a notice of any campus of higher education in which the offender is employed, carries on a vocation, or is a student to state officials.

Students who are subject to an involuntary civil commitment, after completing a period of incarceration for a forcible or non-forcible sexual offense, are ineligible to receive a Federal Pell Grant.

Any member of the campus community who wishes to obtain further information regarding sexual offenders in the area may refer to http://www. sexoffender.com for the national registry.

Information can also be obtained on registered sex offenders of the campus community at www.familywatchdog.us.

CRIME PREVENTION AND RISK REDUCTION

Often people contribute to crimes of opportunity by needlessly placing themselves or their property at risk. Prevention efforts can be effective in reducing the opportunities for criminal activity. The following list is a compilation of tips devoted to crime prevention and risk reduction:

- Do not leave books or personal property unattended in the school
- Report suspicious individuals to teachers, managers or any other employee at the location.
- At night, always walk in groups of at least two
- Stay on the main walkway, avoid secluded streets and pathways or alleys
- Keep your vehicle in good condition and park in lighted areas
- Always lock your vehicle and secure your valuables
- Have your keys in your hand before you reach your vehicle
- Check the interior of your vehicle before entering it
- If you believe you are being followed ,DO NOT DRIVE HOME. Stay on busy streets and drive to the police department
- Keep lockers locked at all times
- Always carry your picture ID
- Do not carry large amounts of cash
- Be aware of your surroundings and what is going on around you
- Let someone know where you are and when you will befinished
- Avoid dangerous situations
- Always keep your keys in your possession as keys can be duplicated
- Report all thefts immediately
- If you observe an individual in an improper restroom, leave immediately and call police and/or let the campus security authority know as soon as possible.

CRIME LOG

The campus maintains a Crime Log that records, by the date the alleged crime was reported, any crime that occurred on campus, on a non-campus building or property, on public property, or within the patrol jurisdiction of the Campus Security Authority.

The log includes:

- Date of entry
- Incident report date
- Date/time of the crime
- Nature/type of the crime/complaint
- General location of crime

The campus must make an entry or an addition to an entry on the log within two business days of the report of the information to the campus security authority, unless that disclosure is prohibited by law or would jeopardize the confidentiality of the victim. The campus security authority is required to send the crime log to the Academy President office for each incident within one business day of reporting the crime.

REPORTING CRIMES

During school hours students should report alleged criminal acts to the Campus Manager or teacher in case the manager is not around. Reporting crimes is on a voluntary, confidential basis. Victims will be assisted upon request.

The Campus Manager is responsible to document any criminal acts, as well as reporting crimes to the local authorities as required by law. The Campus Manager is required to make timely warnings to members of the campus community regarding the occurrence of crimes. The campus community includes the campus building and grounds and all adjacent public property. If there is an ongoing investigation of a crime that occurred in at, or on any Academy locations that would be jeopardized, cause the suspect to flee, risk the safety of an individual, or result in the destruction of evidence, the campus may delay the timely warning until any adverse effect is no longer likely to occur.

The statistics are collected from police department for each campus on a monthly basis and reported to the Department of Education annually. If a crime occurs during non-school hours and no faculty or staff member is available, notify the police department immediately and The Academy President as soon as possible during normal business hours.

• Remember: Preserving evidence for proof of a criminal offense is very important.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES - BUILDING EMERGENCY PLAN

The Building Emergency Plan establishes the procedure for all students and employees in case of an emergency that occurs at Cosmetology and Spa Academy. This plan is simple and should be followed by everyone in the building to ensure safe evacuation from the building.

FIRE OR ANOTHER INDOOR EMERGENCY:

The following steps must be followed in sequence: Alert students, employees and clients that there is a fire or other emergency.

The CSA should dial 911immediately. Confirm and advise them that there is a fire (or other emergency). If time allows describe the nature and location of the fire within the building. State the location of the school, either:

Crystal Lake location – 700 E Terra Cotta Ave, Crystal Lake, IL 60014

Schaumburg Location – 142 E Golf St, Schaumburg, IL 60074

Make sure ALL students, clients and employees evacuate the building safely, if deemed necessary.

If the fire is small, use a portable extinguisher located throughout the building. These are all-purpose "ABC" extinguishers.

If the fire is large, and time permits, shut down all electrical equipment and appliances. Close all interior and exterior doors and windows as you exit but do not lock them.

Exit the building and move to the far side of the parking lot at both locations. This allows the CSA to be able to confirm everyone has exited the building safely. The CSA should assign one employee to meet the responding fire department with a master key to allow firefighters quick entry.

TORNADO/STORM OR OTHER OUTDOOR EMERGENCY

Electrical Storm: CSA will make any decisions as to whether electrical equipment and appliances should be turned off and/or unplugged. All persons should stay away from any faucets or plumbing and avoid contact with any electrical equipment appliances.

Tornado: Assuming there is sufficient warning, shut off all electrical equipment and appliances and evacuate clients, students and employees. If there is NOT sufficient warning, take shelter immediately against the interior wall in the hallway between the clinic and classrooms or in one of the interior offices, basement, closets or restrooms. Stay away from windows and glass doors to avoid the danger of injury from flying glass.

Chemical Spill: Close down all operations and ask all persons to evacuate. Remain calm and do not unnecessarily alarm clients. If time permits (based on the hazard) perform an orderly shutdown of all electrical equipment.

CAMPUS EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

In the event of an emergency the CSA or their designee will post a campus wide emergency notification. The decision to issue an emergency notification and what information to post will be made on a case by case basis by the CSA or their designee. The CSA or their designee will be responsible for confirming the significance, danger and immediate threat to the safety and security of the college community. This emergency notification will be made without delay unless issuing a notification will in the professional judgment of the responsible authorities compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. In such a case the notification may be delayed. Any notifications to the larger community will be authorized by the CSA or their designee. For a dangerous situation and immediate threat the students, faculty, staff, and visitors will be directed to a safe location. Communication of the emergency notification may include any or all of the following options: e-mail, messaging, emergency phone alert system, school website, school FB page, verbal communication, posted notices in buildings and/or local media. Regular updates and notifications will be sent in the same and/or additional methods as the original message.

CHEMICAL SPILL

Close down all operations and ask all persons to evacuate. Remain calm and do not unnecessarily alarm clients. If time permits (based on the hazard) perform an orderly shutdown of all electrical equipment.

TIMELY WARNINGS

Timely warnings are required for the crimes specific to the Clery Act including violent crimes as well as any threat to persons or property. Depending on the particular circumstances of the crime a timely warning may be issued. The decision to issue a timely warning will be made on a case by case basis. Cosmetology and Spa Academy will use multiple resources to collect information that may necessitate a timely warning. Information obtained at the campus, or while monitoring police radio transmissions, as well as police incident reports sent to us by our neighbors dictions provides the information we need to determine if there is a threat to our campus requiring a timely warning. The Campus Director or designee will determine what type of information will be included in the timely warning, and will likewise be responsible for issuing the warning. Various methods will be used to communicate with students, faculty, staff and visitors of a timely warning. These methods may include any or all of the following options: e-mail, text messaging, emergency phone alert system, college website, verbal communication, posted notices in buildings and/or local media.

DAILY CRIME LOG

Cosmetology and Spa Academy is required to maintain a Daily Crime Log (DCL) at each location. The DCL includes reports of all crimes not just Clery Act crimes. Information is recorded on the log within two days of the crime being reported regardless of how much time has passed since the crime was committed. Information that is prohibited by law or would jeopardize the confidentiality of the victim will not be included in the crime log. The

Campus Director is responsible for maintaining the daily crime log. The DCL includes the type of incident, the date reported, the date and time occurred, the general location and the disposition if known. The DCL is available for inspection upon request during operational hours of the location.

Crime Information

Crime Incidents by Type

- 1. Criminal Homicide
- A) Murder/Non-Negligent
 - B) Negligent
- 2. Sexual Assault
- 3. A) Forcible Sex Offenses by Type
 - Forcible Rape
 - Forcible Sodomy
 - Sexual Assault with an Object
 - Forcible Fondling
 - B) Non Forcible Sex Offenses by Type
 - Incest
 - Statutory Rape
- 4. Consent
- 5. Bystander Intervention
- 6. Robbery
- 7. Aggravated Assault
- 8. Burglary
- 9. Motor Vehicle Theft
- 10. Arson
 - 11. Hate Crimes

Larceny/Theft

- Simple Assault
- Intimidation
- Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property
- 12. Law Violations
 - Weapons Possession
 - Drug Law Violation
 - Liquor law Violation
- 13. Domestic Violence
- 14. Dating Violence
- 15. Stalking

CRIME INFORMATION - DEFINITIONS FOR CRIMES

DEFINED BY THE FBI UNIFORM CRIME REPORT

- 1. CRIMINAL HOMICIDE: These offenses are separated into two categories: Murder Non-Negligent Manslaughter and Negligent Manslaughter.
 - A) Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being byanother.
 - B) Negligent Manslaughter: Killing of another person through gross negligence.
- 2. SEXUAL ASSAULT :An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI's UCR program. https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s/2013/crime-in-the-u.s-2013/violent-crime/rape

- A) FORCIBLE SEX OFFENSES: Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against the person's will; not forcibly or against the person's will when the victim is incapable of giving consent. There are four types of forcible sex offenses:
 - Forcible Rape The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina, or anus with any body part, or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person without consent of the victim including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his or her age or because of his or her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
 - Forcible Sodomy Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and or against the person's will.
 - Sexual Assault with an Object The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however
 slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against the person's
 will including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his or her age or
 because of his or her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
 - Forcible Fondling The touching of the private parts of another person for the purpose of sexual
 gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving
 consent because of his or her age or because of his or her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
- B) NON-FORCIBLE SEX OFFENSES: Unlawful non-forcible sexual intercourse. There are two types of offenses included in this definition:
 - Incest Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
 - Statutory Rape A non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.
- 4. CONSENT: Consent is a voluntary agreement to engage in sexual activity. The absence of "no" is not consent. Silence or an absence of resistance does not imply consent. A verbalized "yes" that is coerced does not constitute a freely given "yes". Individuals who consent to sex must be able to understand what they are doing. A person may not be able to give consent if: they are under the age of 16, if they are legally mentally incapable, mentally incapacitated or physically helpless. This may include impairment due to drug or alcohol use. Someone who is incapacitated cannot consent. Consent can be given by words or actions, as long as those words or actions create mutually understandable clear permission regarding willingness to engage in (and the conditions of) sexual activity. Consent to one form of sexual activity does not imply consent to any other forms of sexual activity. Previous relationships or prior consent does not imply consent to further sexual acts. Consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not imply consent to engage in sexual activity with another. Consent can be withdrawn at any time. Coercion, force or threat of either invalidates consent.
- 5. BYSTANDER INTERVENTION: The term bystander intervention refers to safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene in situations of potential harm when there is a risk of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against a person other than the individual. Effective bystander intervention training prepares participants to recognize situations of potential harm, overcome barriers to intervening, identify safe and effective intervention options, and take action.
- 6. ROBBERY: Taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.
- 7. AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.
- 8. BURGLARY: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft.
- 9. MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT: Motor Vehicle Theft includes the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

- 10. ARSON: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property or another, etc.
- 11. HATE CRIMES: A hate crime is a criminal offense committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offenders bias. Bias is a performed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, gender, religion, disability, sexual orientation or ethnicity/national origin.
 - LARCENY/THEFT: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession, or constructive possession of another.
 - SIMPLE ASSAULT: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.
 - INTIMIDATION: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.
 - DESTRUCTION/DAMAGE/VANDALISM OF PROPERTY: To willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure, or deface any public or private property, realor personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control of it.

12. LAW VIOLATIONS:

- WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the
 manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments,
 explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons This classification encompasses weapons offenses that
 are regulatory in nature.
- DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS: The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those in relation to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs.
- LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS: The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the
 manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving
 under the influence and drunkenness.
- 13. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE: A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by any of the following individuals:
 - A current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; or
 - A person with whom the victim has a child in common; or
 - A person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; or
 - A similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or
 - Any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred
- 14. DATING VIOLENCE: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim.
 - The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
 - For the purpose of this definition, dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
 - Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.
- 15. STALKING: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable to:

- Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or Suffer substantial emotional distress. For purposes of this definition:
 - Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker
 directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by an action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors,
 observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's
 property.
 - Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
 - Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

CRIME STATISTICS YEAR 2017

The federal law requires that schools, colleges and universities disclose crime statistics on the previous three years for and contains crime data that may occur on-campus, on non-campus property, or on public property adjacent to the campus. For the purpose of the Clery Act, any building that is owned or controlled by the institution or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution, and is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus is classified by the FBI Uniform Crime Report.

Cosmetology & Spa Academy is required to report annual disclosure of crime statistics by October 1 each year. Campus Security Authority Contact (CSAC) for each location, in collaboration with local police stations, prepares the reports. The Academy uses reports on crime statistics that are collected by local police stations at both locations. The following is a summary of the last three reporting years. The information is for Crystal Lake campus as well as the information from the local police reports. Cosmetology & Spa Academy has this full report available to all current and prospective students as well as employees and potential employees. To review a complete copy of the report, or to receive a paper copy please contact the Student Services Team Member, at studentservices@cosmetologyandspaacademy.com

*The following report is for both Crystal Lake and Schaumburg locations. Should any crime or incident occur, it will be specified which location it has happened.

CAMPUS CRIME STATISTICS COSMETOLOGYAND SPA ACADEMY

Category	On-Campus			Non-Campus, Public Property			
	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	
	Criminal Offenses by Type						
Murder/Non-	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Negligent							
Negligent	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other Criminal Offenses							
Aggravated	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Assault							
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Motor Vehicle	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Theft							
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Domestic	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Violence							
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	

		Forcible	Sex Offenses	by Type		
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sodomy	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sexual Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0
w/Object						
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Non Forci	bleSex Offens	ses byType	•	
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
		•	Law Violation	S	•	
Liquor Law	0	0	0	0	0	0
Violation						
Drug Law	0	0	0	0	0	0
Violation						
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession						
		Ar	rests On-camp	ous		
Liquor Law	0	0	0	0	0	0
Violation						
Drug Law	0	0	0	0	0	0
Violation						
Weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession						
			Hate Crimes			
2015	No Hate Crimes Reported			No Hate Crimes Reported		
2016	No Hate Crimes Reported			No Hate Crimes Reported		
2017	No Hate Crimes Reported			No Hate Crimes Reported		

• Hate Crime Reporting:

There were no reported hate crimes for the years 2018, 2017 or 2016

• Fire Safety Report:

For the purposes of fire safety reporting, HEA defines a **fire** as any instance of open flame or another burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.

Has been no case of fire at both locations during 2018, 2017 or 2016

• In the case of an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking will be reported to the administration, the victim will be advised to contact the police right away. The institute will have zero tolerance for any violation of the code of conduct in the above regards.

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT POLICIES & PROCEDURES

Members of the Academy community and visitors have the right to be free from all forms of gender and sex-based discrimination, examples of which include acts of sexual assault, sexual harassment, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual exploitation and stalking. All members of the campus community are expected to conduct themselves in a manner that does not infringe upon the rights of others.

SCOPE OF THE POLICY

This Policy governs sexual misconduct involving students that occurs on any school property or in connection with any school-sponsored program or event. This Policy applies to all students, employees, and third parties conducting business with

Cosmetology and Spa Academy, regardless of the person's gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, age, race, nationality, class status, ability, religion or other protected status. Cosmetology and Spa Academy encourages victims of sexual violence to talk to somebody about what happened - so victims can get the support they need, and so the school can respond appropriately. As further described in this Policy, Cosmetology and Spa Academy will seek to respect a victim's request for confidentiality to the extent possible, while remaining ever mindful of the victim's well-being.

PROHIBITED CONDUCT

Sexual misconduct comprises a broad range of behaviors focused on sex that may or may not be sexual in nature. Any intercourse or other intentional sexual touching or activity without the other person's consent is sexual assault, which is a form of sexual misconduct under this Policy. Sexual harassment and sexual exploitation, stalking, domestic violence, and dating violence are also forms of sexual misconduct. Intimidation for one of these purposes is sexual misconduct, as is retaliation following an incident of alleged sexual misconduct or attempted sexual misconduct. The definitions for specific acts of sexual misconduct can be found at the end of this Policy statement.

Misconduct can occur between strangers or acquaintances, or people who know each other well, including between people involved in an intimate or sexual relationship, can be committed by anyone regardless of gender identity, and can occur between people of the same or different sex or gender. This Policy prohibits all forms of sexual misconduct.

TITLE IX COORDINATOR

The Campus Title IX Coordinator is responsible for monitoring and overseeing each school's compliance with Title IX and the prevention of sex harassment, sexual misconduct and discrimination. The Campus Title IX Coordinator is:

- Knowledgeable and trained in The Academy 's policies and procedures and relevant state and federal laws;
- Available to advise any individual, including a complainant, respondent, or a third party, about campus and community resources and reporting options;
- Available to provide assistance to any school employee regarding how to respond appropriately to a report of Title IX-related prohibited conduct and related retaliation;
- Participates in ensuring the effective implementation of this Policy, including monitoring compliance with all procedural requirements, record keeping, and timeframes; and is Responsible for overseeing training, prevention, and education efforts and annual reviews of climate and culture.
- Inquiries or concerns about Title IX may be referred to the Campus Title IX Coordinator. The Campus Title IX Coordinator contact information is set forth below.

Crystal Lake Location

Gentiana Halimi

700 E Terra Cotta Ave, IL 60014

Contact Ms. Genta genta@cosmetologyandspaacademy.com

Ph. Nr. 815 455 5900

Monday – Friday 9:00 am – 4:00 pm

Schaumburg location

Mira Dosti

142 E Golf St

Schuamburg, IL 60073

Contact Ms. Mira mira@cosmetologyandspaacademy.com

Ph. Nr. 815 575 6620

EDUCATION AND PREVENTION PROGRAMS

Cosmetology and Spa Academy will provide appropriate programming to promote the awareness of sexual misconduct for all employees and students on an ongoing basis. This program will include information regarding safe and positive options for bystander intervention and information on risk reduction. Student will get this publication during the orientation.

Cosmetology and Spa Academy are committed to offering educational programs to promote awareness and prevention of Prohibited Conduct. Educational programs include an overview of the schools' policies and procedures; relevant definitions, including prohibited conduct; discussion of the impact of alcohol and illegal drug use; consent; safe and positive options for bystander intervention; review of resources and reporting options available for students, faculty, and staff; and information about risk reduction. Incoming students and new employees will receive primary prevention and awareness programming as part of their orientation. The Title IX Coordinator maintains an education and prevention calendar and tailors programming to campus needs and climate.

As part of Cosmetology and Spa Academy 'commitment to provide an educational and work environment free from Prohibited Conduct, this Policy will be disseminated widely to the school community through e-mail communication, publications, websites, new employee orientations, student orientations, and other appropriate channels of communication.

The Title IX Coordinator, hearing panel members, and anyone else who is involved in responding to, investigating, or adjudicating sexual misconduct will receive annual training from experts in the field. In addition to training on how the adjudicatory process works, the training will include specific instruction about how to approach students about sensitive issues that may arise in the context of sexual misconduct.

BYSTANDER INTERVENTION

The Cosmetology and Spa Academy primary prevention and awareness program includes a description of safe and positive options for bystander intervention. Active bystanders take the initiative to help someone who may be targeted for a sexual assault. They do this in ways that are intended to avoid verbal or physical conflict. Active bystanders also take the initiative to help friends, who are not thinking clearly, from becoming offenders of crime. Intervention does not mean that you directly intervene to stop a crime in progress; rather, these steps are "early intervention" - before a crime begins to occur. There are three important components to consider before taking action that we refer to as the ABCs: Assess for safety. Ensure that all parties are safe, and whether the situation requires calling authorities. When deciding to intervene, your personal safety should be the #1 priority. When in doubt, call for help.

Be with others. If it is safe to intervene, your are likely to have a greater influence on the parties involved when you work together with someone or several people. Your safety is increased when you stay with a group of friends that you know well.

Care for the person. Ask if the target of the unwanted sexual advance/attention/behavior is okay - does he or she need medical care? Ask if someone they trust can help them get safely home. Information on Bystander Intervention was provided by the Department of Defense Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office from: www.sapr.mil

RISK REDUCTION

The Cosmetology and Spa Academy 's primary prevention and awareness program includes information on risk reduction. This includes: *Avoiding Dangerous Situations*. While you can never completely protect yourself from sexual assault, there are some things you can do to help reduce your risk of being assaulted:

- Be aware of your surroundings. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way to get
 out of a bad situation.
- Try to avoid isolated areas. It is more difficult to get help if no one is around.
- Walk with purpose. Even if you don't know where you are going, act like you do.
- Trust your instincts. If a situation or location feels unsafe, it probably isn't the best place to be.

- Try not to load yourself down with packages or bags as this can make you appear more vulnerable.
- Make sure your cell phone is with you and charged and that you have cab money.
- Don't allow yourself to be isolated with someone you don't trust or someone you don't know.
- Avoid putting music headphones in both ears so that you can be more aware of your surroundings, especially if
 you are walking alone.

Safety Planning

Things to think about:

- How to get away if there is an emergency? Be conscious of exits or other escape routes. Think about options for transportation (car, bus, subway, etc.).
- Who can help? Friends and/or family, or support centers in your area.
- Where to go? Options may include a friend's house or relative's house, or you may consider going to a domestic violence or homeless shelter. You may also go to the police. Important Safety Note: If the dangerous situation involves a partner, go to the police or a shelter first.
- What to bring? This may include important papers and documents such birth certificate, social security card, license, passport, medical records, lease, bills, etc. This will also include house keys, car keys, cash, credit cards, medicine, important numbers, and your cell phone. If you are bringing children with you, remember to bring their important papers and legal documents. You can keep all of these things in an emergency bag. You should hide the bag-it is best if it is not in your house or car. If the bag is discovered, you can call it a "tornado" or "fire" bag.

PROTECTING YOUR FRIENDS

You have a crucial role to play in keeping your friends safe. No matter what the setting, if you see something that doesn't feel quite right or see someone who might be in trouble, there are some simple things you can do to help out a friend:

Distract. If you see a friend in a situation that doesn't feel quite right, create a distraction to get your friend to safety. This can be as simple as joining or redirecting the conversation: suggest to your friend that you leave the party, or ask them to walk you home. Try asking questions like: "Do you want to head to the bathroom with me?" or "Do you want to head to another party - or grab pizza?"

Step in. If you see someone who looks uncomfortable or is at risk, step in. If you feel safe, find a way to de-escalate the situation and separate all parties involved. Don't be shy about directly asking the person if they need help or if they feel uncomfortable. Enlist others. You don't have to go it alone. Call in friends or other people in the area as reinforcements to help defuse a dangerous situation and get the at-risk person home safely. There is safety in numbers.

Keep an eye out. Use your eyes and ears to observe your surroundings. If you see someone who has had too much to drink or could be vulnerable, try to get them to a safe place. Enlist friends to help you. Even if you weren't around when the assault occurred, you can still support a friend in the aftermath.

SOCIAL SITUATIONS.

While you can never completely protect yourself from sexual assault, there are some things you can do to help reduce your risk of being assaulted in social situations: When you go to a social gathering, go with a group of friends. Arrive together, check in with each other throughout the evening, and leave together. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way out of a bad situation. Trust your instincts. If you feel unsafe in any situation, go with your gut. If you see something suspicious, contact law enforcement immediately. Don't leave your drink unattended while talking, dancing, using the restroom, or making a phone call. If you've left your drink alone, just get a new one. Don't accept drinks from people you don't know or trust. If you choose to accept a drink, go with the person to the bar to order it, watch it being poured, and carry it yourself. At parties, don't drink from the punch bowls or other large, common open containers. Watch out for your friends, and vice versa. If a friend seems out of it, is way too intoxicated for the amount of alcohol they've had, or is acting out of character, get him or her to a safe place immediately. If you suspect you or a friend has been drugged, contact law enforcement immediately. Be explicit with doctors so they can give you the correct tests (you will need a urine test and possibly others). Information on Risk Reduction was provided by RAINN: Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network: www.rainn.org.

REPORTING POLICIES AND PROTOCOLS

The Cosmetology and Spa Academy strongly encourages all members of the school community to report information about any incident of sexual misconduct as soon as possible, whether the incident occurred on or off campus. Reports can be made either to the school and/or to law enforcement.

REPORTING TO THE INSTITUTE

An incident of sexual misconduct may be reported directly to the campus Title IX Coordinator. If the campus Title IX Coordinator is the alleged perpetrator of the sexual misconduct, the report should be submitted to the Owner of Cosmetology and Spa Academy. Filing a report with a school official will not obligate the victim to prosecute, nor will it subject the victim to scrutiny or judgmental opinions from officers.

An individual who has experienced an incident of sexual misconduct may report the incident at any time, regardless of how much time has elapsed since the incident occurred. The Academy is committed to supporting the rights of a person reporting an incident of sexual misconduct to make an informed choice among options and services available. The Academy will respond to all reports in a manner that treats each individual with dignity and respect and will take prompt responsive action to end any misconduct, prevent its recurrence, and address its effects.

REPORTING TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

An incident of sexual misconduct can be reported to law enforcement at any time, 24 hours a day/7 days a week, by calling 911. At the complainant's request, the Academy will assist the complainant in contacting law enforcement. If the complainant decides to pursue the criminal process, the school will cooperate with law enforcement agencies to the extent permitted by law. A complainant has the option to decide whether or not to participate in any investigation conducted by law enforcement. Filing a police report will:

- Ensure that a victim of sexual assault receives the necessary medical treatment and tests
- Provide the opportunity for collection of evidence helpful in prosecution, which cannot be obtained later (ideally a victim of sexual assault should not wash, douche, use the toilet, or change clothing prior to a medical/legalexam)
- Assure the victim has a referral to confidential counseling from counselors specifically trained in the area of sexual assault

The victim of the sexual assault may choose for the investigation to be pursued through the criminal justice system and Cosmetology and Spa Academy's disciplinary procedures. The school and the criminal justice system work independently from each other. Law enforcement officers do not determine whether a violation of this Policy has occurred. The campus Title IX Coordinator will guide the victim through the available options and support the victim in his or herdecision.

EVIDENCE PRESERVATION

Victims of sexual assault, domestic violence or dating violence should consider seeking medical attention as soon as possible. It is important that a victim of sexual assault not bathe, douche, smoke, change clothing or clean the bed/linen where they were assaulted so that evidence necessary to prove criminal activity may be preserved. In circumstances where the victims do not opt for forensic evidence collection, health care providers can still treat injuries and take steps to address health concerns. Victims of sexual misconduct are encouraged to also preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, other communications, and keeping pictures, logs or other copies of documents, if they have any, that would be useful in connection with a school or police investigation.

REPORTING OF CRIMES & ANNUAL SECURITY REPORTS

Campus safety and security are important issues at the Cosmetology and Spa Academy. Our goal is to provide students with a safe environment in which to learn and to keep students, parents, and employees well informed about campus security. The Jeanne Clary Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, or Clary Act, requires institutions of higher education to record and report certain information about campus safety, including the number of incidents of certain crimes on or near campus, some of which constitute sexual misconduct under this Policy. Each year Cosmetology and Spa Academy prepares this report to comply with the Clery Act. The full text of this report can be located on the school's web site at http://cosmetologyandspaacademy.com/csa-disclosures/ This report is prepared in cooperation with the local law enforcement agencies around our campuses. Each year notification is made to all enrolled students and employees that provides the web site to access this report. Copies of the report may also be obtained in person from or by calling the Location Manager. All prospective employees may obtain a copy from the Campus Manager.

THIRD-PARTY AND ANONYMOUS REPORTING

In cases where sexual misconduct is reported to the Title IX Coordinator by someone other than the complainant (by an instructor, classmate or friend, for example), the Title IX Coordinator will promptly notify the complainant that a report has been received. This Policy and the Procedures will apply in the same manner as if the complainant had made the initial report. The Title IX Coordinator will make every effort to meet with the complainant to discuss available options and resources. Reports from an anonymous source will be treated in a similar fashion.

NO RETALIATION

The Cosmetology and Spa Academy prohibits retaliation against those who file a complaint or third-party report, or otherwise participate in the investigative and/or disciplinary process (e.g,as a witness). The school will take strong responsive action if retaliation occurs. Any incident of retaliation should be promptly reported to the campus Title IX Coordinator or the President of CSA.

COORDINATION WITH DRUG FREE SCHOOL POLICY

Students may be reluctant to report instances of sexual misconduct because they fear being disciplined pursuant to the Academy's' alcohol or drug policies. The school encourages students to report all instances of sexual misconduct and will take into consideration the importance of reporting sexual misconduct in addressing violations of the school's alcohol and drug policies. This means that, whenever possible, the Academy will respond educationally rather than punitively to student alcohol or drug policy violations associated with reported sexual misconduct.

Key Definitions

For purposes of this policy and these procedures, the term "complainant" means the person making the allegation(s) of sexual misconduct, and the term "respondent" means the person alleged to have committed sexual misconduct.

OPTIONS FOR ASSISTANCE FOLLOWING AN INCIDENT OF SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

Cosmetology and Spa Academy strongly encourages any victim of sexual misconduct to seek immediate assistance. Seeking prompt assistance may be important to ensure a victim's physical safety or to obtain medical care. CS-Academy strongly advocates that a victim of sexual assault report the incident in a timely manner. Time is a critical factor for evidence collection and preservation.

SUPPORT SERVICES AVAILABLE

Counseling, advocacy and support services are available for victims of sexual misconduct, whether or not a victim chooses to make an official report or participate in the school's disciplinary or criminal process. CS- Academy does not provide counseling or health care services. Personal counseling offered by the Academy will be limited to initial crisis assessment and referral.

Sexual misconduct crisis and counseling options are available locally and nationally through a number of agencies. Information about the appropriate agencies for each campus is published at the end of this report.

SCHOOL POLICY ON CONFIDENTIALITY

The Cosmetology and Spa Academy encourages victims of sexual misconduct to talk to somebody about what happened - so victims can get the support they need, and so the school can respond appropriately.

This policy is intended to make students aware of the various reporting and confidential disclosure options available to them so they can make informed choices about where to turn should they become a victim of sexual misconduct. The CS- Academy encourages victims to talk to someone identified in one or more of these groups.

PRIVILEGED AND CONFIDENTIAL COMMUNICATIONS - PROFESSIONAL & PASTORAL COUNSELORS

Professional, licensed counselors and pastoral counselors who provide mental-health counseling to members of the community (and including those who act in that role under the supervision of a licensed counselor) are not required to report any information about an incident to the Title IX coordinator without a victim's permission. The Academy does not provide professional or pastoral counseling, but can assist a victim of sexual misconduct in obtaining support services from these groups or agencies. Contact information for the support organizations in each campus community is published at the end of this report. A victim who at first requests confidentiality may later decide to file a complaint with CS- Academy or report the incident to local law enforcement, and thus have the incident fully investigated.

NOTE: While these professional and pastoral counselors and advocates may maintain a victim's confidentiality in relation to Cosmetology and Spa Academy, they may have reporting or other obligations under state law.

ALSO NOTE: If CSA determines that the alleged perpetrator(s) pose a serious and immediate threat to the school community, the Academy Director may be called upon to issue a timely warning to the community. Any such warning should not include any information that identifies the victim.

REPORTING TO TITLE IX COORDINATOR

When a victim tells the Title IX Coordinator about an incident of sexual misconduct, the victim has the right to expect Cosmetology and Spa Academy to take immediate and appropriate steps to investigate what happened and to resolve the matter promptly and equitably. To the extent possible, information reported to the Title IX Coordinator will be shared only with people responsible for handling the school's response to the report. The Title IX Coordinator should not share information with law enforcement without the victim's consent or unless the victim has also reported the incident to law enforcement.

Before a victim reveals any information to the Title IX Coordinator, the Coordinator should ensure that the victim understands the Coordinator's reporting obligations - and, if the victim wants to maintain confidentiality, direct the victim to confidential resources. If the victim wants to tell the Title IX Coordinator what happened but also maintain confidentiality, the Coordinator should tell the victim that CS- Academy will consider the request, but cannot guarantee that the school will be able to honor it.

The Title IX Coordinator will not pressure a victim to request confidentiality, but will honor and support the victim's wishes, including for the Academy to fully investigate an incident. By the same token, the Title IX Coordinator will not pressure a victim to make a full report if the victim is not ready to.

Requesting Confidentiality: How the School Will Weigh the Request and Respond.

If a victim discloses an incident to the Title IX Coordinator but wishes to maintain confidentiality or requests that no investigation into a particular incident be conducted or disciplinary action taken, the Academy must weigh that request against the school's obligation to provide a safe, non-discriminatory environment for all students, including the victim.

If Cosmetology and Spa Academy honors the request for confidentiality, a victim must understand that the school's ability to

meaningfully investigate the incident and pursue disciplinary action against the alleged perpetrator(s) may be limited. Although rare, there are times when Cosmetology and Spa Academy may not be able to honor a victim's request in order to provide a safe, non-discriminatory environment for all students.

The Title IX Coordinator will evaluate requests for confidentiality. When weighing a victim's request for confidentiality or that no investigation or discipline be pursued, the Title IX Coordinator will consider a range of factors, including the following:

The increased risk that the alleged perpetrator will commit additional acts of sexual misconduct or other violence, such as:

Whether there have been other sexual misconduct complaints about the same alleged perpetrator;

Whether the alleged perpetrator has a history of arrests or records from a prior school indicating a history of violence:

Whether the alleged perpetrator threatened further sexual misconduct or other violence against the victim or others;

Whether the sexual misconduct was committed by multiple perpetrators;

Whether the sexual misconduct was perpetrated with a weapon;

Whether the victim is a minor;

Whether Cosmetology and Spa Academy possesses other means to obtain relevant evidence of the sexual misconduct (e.g., security cameras or personnel, physical evidence);

Whether the victim's report reveals a pattern of perpetration (e.g.,via illicit use of drugs or alcohol) at a given location or by a particular group.

The presence of one or more of these factors could lead Cosmetology and Spa Academy to investigate and, if appropriate, pursue disciplinary action. If none of these factors is present, the school will likely respect the victim's request for confidentiality.

If Cosmetology and Spa Academy determines that it cannot maintain a victim's confidentiality, the school will inform the victim prior to starting an investigation and will, to the extent possible, only share information with people responsible for handling the school's response. The Cosmetology and Spa Academy will remain ever mindful of the victim's well-being, and will take ongoing steps to protect the victim from retaliation or harm and work with

the victim to create a safety plan. Retaliation against the victim, whether by students or school employees, will not be tolerated. CSA will also :assist the victim in accessing other available victim advocacy, academic support, counseling, disability, health or mental health services, and legal assistance;

- provide other security and support, which could include issuing a no-contact order, helping arrange a
 change of course schedules (including for the alleged perpetrator pending the outcome of an
 investigation) or adjustments for assignments or tests; and
- inform the victim of the right to report a crime to local law enforcement and provide the victim with assistance if the victim wishes to do so.

Cosmetology and Spa Academy may not require a victim to participate in any investigation or disciplinary proceeding. Cosmetology and Spa Academy is under a continuing obligation to address the issue of sexual violence campus-wide. Reports of sexual violence (including non-identifying reports) will also prompt the school to consider broader remedial action - such as increased monitoring supervision or security at locations where the reported sexual violence occurred; increasing education and prevention efforts, including to targeted population groups; conducting climate assessments/ victimization surveys; and/or revisiting its policies and practices.

If CS – Academy determines that it can respect a victim's request for confidentiality, the school will also take immediate action as necessary to protect and assist the victim.

OFF-CAMPUS COUNSELORS AND ADVOCATES

Off-campus counselors, advocates, and health care providers will also generally maintain confidentiality and not share

information with Cosmetology and Spa Academy unless the victim requests the disclosure and signs a consent or waiver form. Contact information for these off-campus resources can be found at the end of this report.

INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES AND PROTOCOLS

The Title IX Coordinator oversees the institute's investigation, response to, and resolution of all reports of prohibited sexual misconduct, and of related retaliation, involving students, faculty, and staff. The Title IX Coordinator will designate a specially trained investigator (or team of investigators) to interview the complainant, respondent and any witnesses. The investigator will also gather pertinent documentary materials (if any) and other information.

NOTICE OF INVESTIGATION

The Title IX Coordinator will inform the complainant before starting an investigation. The complainant may request that an investigation not be undertaken. The Title IX Coordinator will consider such a request in light of CSA' commitment to provide a safe and non-discriminatory environment for all students. If the Title IX Coordinator determines not to investigate, she will notify the complainant in writing, including that the determination was made at the complainant's request. At the complainant's request, the Title IX Coordinator will also notify the respondent in writing, including that the complainant asked Cosmetology and Spa Academy not to investigate. The investigator will direct the complainant, respondent, witnesses and other interested individuals to preserve any relevant evidence. If an investigation proceeds, Cosmetology and Spa Academy will notify the respondent in writing that a report has been filed. The notice will describe the allegations in the report. The complainant and respondent will be given the opportunity to meet separately with the Title IX Coordinator to review the Policy and these Procedures.

INVESTIGATION PROCESS

Cosmetology and Spa Academy process for responding to, investigating and adjudicating sexual misconduct reports will continue during any law enforcement proceeding. The investigator may need to temporarily delay an investigation while the police are gathering evidence but will resume the investigation after learning that the police department has completed its evidence-gathering and will generally not wait for the conclusion of any related criminal proceeding. The investigator will interview the complainant, respondent and any witnesses. They will also gather pertinent documentary materials (if any) and other information.

INVESTIGATION REPORT

The investigator will prepare a report detailing the relevant content from the interviews and the documentation gathered. The report will include the assessment of individual credibility and recommended findings of responsibility.

The respondent and complainant will each have the opportunity to review a copy of the investigative report and any other information that will be used during the disciplinary proceedings. The names and other identifying information of other students will be redacted from such materials in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), except to the extent that doing so would interfere with the purpose of Title IX to eliminate sex-based discrimination. The Title IX Coordinator will supervise this review and ensure that reasonable time is afforded for review prior to the hearing.

TIME FRAME FOR INVESTIGATION

Consistent with the goa to maximize educational opportunities and minimize the disruptive nature of the investigation and resolution, the Title IX Coordinator seeks to resolve all reports in a timely manner. In general, an investigation may last up to 30 days, from receipt of written notice from the complainant of the intent to proceed with an investigation. Adjudication will generally take up to 30 days from the date the investigative report is provided to both the complainant and the respondent. The Title IX Coordinator may set reasonable time frames for required actions under the Policy. Those time frames may be

extended for good cause as necessary to ensure the integrity and completeness of the investigation, comply with a request by external law enforcement, accommodate the availability of witnesses, accommodate delays by the parties, account for school breaks or vacations, or address other legitimate reasons, including the complexity of the investigation (including the number of witnesses and volume of information provided by the parties) and the severity and extent of the alleged conduct. Any extension of the timeframes, and the reason for the extension, will be shared with the parties in writing. Best efforts will be made to complete the process in a timely manner by balancing principles of thoroughness and fundamental fairness with promptness.

Where necessary, Cosmetology and Spa Academy will take immediate steps to protect complainants pending the final outcome of an investigation, including academic accommodations and other interim measures. These steps may include the ability to change class schedules; withdraw from/ retake a class without penalty; access academic support such as tutoring; issue no contact orders; and change the alleged perpetrator's class schedule.

IMPACT OF VICTIM'S CONFIDENTIALITY REQUEST

A victim's request for confidentiality will likely limit Cosmetology and Spa Academy' ability to investigate a particular matter. The school may take steps to limit the effects of the alleged sexual misconduct and prevent its recurrence without initiating formal action against the alleged perpetrator or revealing the identity of the student complainant. Examples include: providing increased monitoring, supervision, or security at locations or activities where the misconduct occurred; providing training and education materials for students and employees; revising and publicizing Cosmetology and Spa Academy's policies on sexual misconduct; and conducting climate surveys regarding sexual misconduct.

VOLUNTARY RESOLUTION

Voluntary resolution, when selected by the complainant and deemed appropriate by the Title IX Coordinator, is a path designed to eliminate the conduct at issue, prevent its recurrence, and remedy its effects in a manner that meets the expressed preference of the complainant and the safety and welfare of the Cosmetology and Spa Academy' community. Voluntary resolution is not appropriate for all forms of conduct under the Policy.

Cosmetology and Spa Academy ' retains the discretion to determine, when selected by the complainant, which cases are appropriate for voluntary resolution. If a complainant requests voluntary resolution, and the Title IX Coordinator concludes that voluntary resolution is appropriate, then the Title IX Coordinator will take appropriate action by imposing remedies designed to maximize the complainant's access to all employment, educational, and extracurricular opportunities and benefits at the school and to eliminate a potential hostile environment. A complainant may request and decide to pursue voluntary resolution at any time. In those cases in which the voluntary resolution involves either the notification to or participation by the respondent, it is the respondent's decision whether to accept voluntary resolution.

Voluntary resolution may include: conducting targeted or broad-based educational programming or training for relevant individuals or groups; providing increased monitoring, supervision, or security at locations or activities where the misconduct occurred; facilitating a meeting with the respondent with the complainant present (in cases that do not involve sexual assault); and any other remedy that can be tailored to the involved individuals to achieve the goals of the Policy. In some forms of voluntary resolution, the remedies imposed will focus on supporting the complainant with no participation or involvement by the respondent. In other forms of voluntary resolution, the respondent may agree to participate. Depending on the type of remedy used, it may be possible for a complainant to maintain anonymity.

Voluntary resolution may also include restorative principles that are designed to allow a respondent to accept responsibility for misconduct and acknowledge harm to the complainant or to the Cosmetology and Spa Academy' community. Restorative models will be used only with the consent of both parties, and following a determination by the Title IX Coordinator that the matter is appropriate for a restorative approach.

Cosmetology and Spa Academy will not compel a complainant to engage in mediation, to confront directly the respondent, or to participate in any form of informal resolution. Mediation, even if voluntary, is never appropriate in sexual misconduct cases and will not be used in such cases. As the title implies, participation in voluntary resolution is a choice, and either party can request to end this manner of resolution and pursue an investigation and adjudication at any time, including if voluntary resolution is unsuccessful at resolving the report. Similarly, a complainant can request to end an investigation and pursue voluntary resolution. The time frame for completion of voluntary resolution may vary, but CSA will seek to complete the process within 15 days of the complainant's request.

GRIEVANCE/ADJUDICATION - PROCEDURES HEARING PANEL

If voluntary resolution is not available, Cosmetology and Spa Academy will convene a hearing panel following the end of the investigation. The hearing panel determines whether the respondent is responsible or not responsible for a violation of the Policy. If the respondent is determined to be responsible, the matter proceeds to the sanctions stage.

The hearing panel will generally include the Title IX Coordinator and two additional members who will be individuals associated with Cosmetology and Spa Academy. These additional hearing panel members may include administrators, officers, lawyers or other individuals with relevant experience and special training. Panel members may participate remotely so long as the hearing room is equipped with telephone equipment that allows the panel member to hear all the participants and to be heard by all the participants throughout the hearing proceedings. All panelists will receive training from experts in the field at least once a year. In addition to training on how the adjudicatory process works, the training will include specific instruction about how to approach students about sensitive issues that may arise in the context of sexual misconduct. The complainant and respondent will be informed of the panel's membership before the hearing process begins.

Advisors

Both the complainant and the respondent are entitled to be accompanied to any meeting or proceeding relating to the allegation of sexual misconduct by an advisor or support person of their choice, provided the involvement of such advisor or support person does not result in the postponement or delay of such meeting as scheduled.

Written Submissions

Both the complainant and respondent will have the opportunity to submit written responses to the investigation report and other relevant information to the hearing panel. Each of the complainant and respondent will have the opportunity to review any written submissions by the other. The hearing panel may set reasonable parameters for these written submissions. The hearing panel will review the investigation report and written submissions.

Hearing Procedures

The Title IX Coordinator will, whenever possible, give the complainant and respondent at least five days' advance notice of the hearing. The Title IX Coordinator will arrange to hold the hearing at an off-campus location. The hearing is a closed proceeding, meaning that no one other than the panel members, the complainant and respondent, their respective advisors, witnesses (when called), and necessary CSA personnel may be present during the proceeding. The Campus Director will work with school staff so that any student whose presence is required may participate in the hearing.

In general, hearings will proceed as follows:

The Title IX Coordinator may set reasonable time limits for any part of the hearing. Each of the complainant and respondent will have the opportunity to present witnesses and other information consistent with the Policy and these Procedures. The panel may determine the relevance of, place restrictions on, or exclude any witnesses or information. When the complainant and respondent are not able to be present for the hearing panel, arrangements will be made for participation via alternate means. In cases where either the complainant or respondent opts not to participate in the hearing, the panel may still hear from the other. Additional hearing rules include:

Questioning. Only the panel may ask questions of the complainant and respondent and any witnesses. Both the complainant and respondent will have the opportunity to suggest questions of the other and of witnesses by submitting suggested questions to the

panel in writing. The panel may revise or not ask any or all submitted questions.

Information Regarding Romantic or Sexual History. The panel will not consider the romantic or sexual history of either the complainant or respondent in cases involving allegations of sexual misconduct, except for testimony offered by one or the other about the complainant 's and respondent's shared sexual history that the panel deems relevant. If such information is offered by the complainant or respondent, the other has the right to respond. The existence of a prior consensual dating or sexual relationship between the complainant and respondent by itself does not support an inference of consent to alleged sexual misconduct.

Prior Conduct Violations. The hearing panel will not consider the respondent's prior conduct violations, unless the investigator provided that information to the hearing panel because the respondent was previously found to be responsible, and the previous incident was substantially similar to the present allegation(s) and/or the information indicates a pattern of behavior by the respondent.

CSA will keep an audio recording of the hearing for the use of the panel, for sanctioning, and for purposes of appeal. The panelists may request a transcript of the recording. Cell phones and recording devices may not be used in the hearing room(s) unless approved by the panel in advance.

PANEL DETERMINATIONS/STANDARD OF PROOF

The panel will use "preponderance of the evidence" as the standard of proof to determine whether a violation of the Policy occurred. Preponderance of the evidence means that a panel must be convinced based on the information it considers that the respondent was more likely than not to have engaged in the conduct at issue in order to find the respondent responsible for violating the Policy. The panel will find a student responsible, or not responsible, based on a majority vote. The panel will generally render a decision within 10 days after the conclusion of a hearing. The panel's decision will include an explanation of the basis for the decision. If the panel finds the respondent responsible, the matter will proceed to the sanctions stage.

SANCTIONS AND OTHER REMEDIES

The Title IX Coordinator, with the advice and counsel of the other hearing panel members, shall be responsible for imposing sanctions that are:

Fair and appropriate given the facts of the particular case; Consistent with Cosmetology and Spa Academy handling of similar cases;

Adequate to protect the safety of the campus community; and

Reflective of the seriousness of sexual misconduct.

The Title IX Coordinator will consider relevant factors, including if applicable: (1) the specific sexual misconduct at issue (such as penetration, touching under clothing, touching over clothing, unauthorized recording, etc.); (2) the circumstances accompanying the lack of consent (such as force, threat, coercion, intentional incapacitation, etc.); (3) the respondent's state of mind (intentional, knowing, bias-motivated, reckless, negligent, etc.); (4) the impact of the offense on the complainant; (5) the respondent's prior disciplinary history; (6) the safety of the Cosmetology and Spa Academy community; and (7) the respondent's conduct during the disciplinary process.

The Title IX Coordinator will render a sanctioning decision within five days following the receipt of the panel's determination. The sanctioning decision will be communicated in writing to the complainant and the respondent.

Cosmetology and Spa Academy may impose any one or more of the following sanctions on a student determined to have violated the Policy:

- Reprimand/warning
- Changing the respondent's academic schedule
- Disciplinary probation
- Restricting access to Cosmetology and Spa Academy facilities or activities

- Community service
- Issuing a "no contact" order to the respondent or requiring that such an order remain in place
- Dismissal or restriction from Cosmetology and Spa Academy 'employment
- Suspension (limited time or indefinite)
- Expulsion

In addition to any other sanction (except where the sanction is expulsion), Cosmetology and Spa Academy may

require any student determined to be responsible for a violation of the Policy to receive appropriate education and/or training related to the sexual misconduct violation at issue. Cosmetology and Spa Academy may also recommend counseling or other support services for the student.

Whatever the outcome of the hearing process, a complainant may request ongoing or additional accommodations and the Title IX Coordinator will determine whether such measures are appropriate. Potential ongoing accommodations include:

- Providing an escort for the complainant
- Changing the complainant's academic schedule
- Allowing the complainant to withdraw from or retake a class without penalty
- Providing access to tutoring or other academic support, such as extra time to complete or re-take a class

Whatever the outcome of the hearing process, a complainant may request ongoing or additional accommodations and the Title IX Coordinator will determine whether such measures are appropriate. Potential ongoing accommodations include:

- Providing an escort for the complainant
- Changing the complainant's academic schedule
- Allowing the complainant to withdraw from or retake a class without penalty
- Providing access to tutoring or other academic support, such as extra time to complete or re-take a class Cosmetology and Spa Academy may also determine that additional measures are appropriate to respond to the effects of the incident on the school community. Additional responses for the benefit of the Cosmetology and Spa Academy community may include:
 - Increased monitoring, supervision, or security at locations or activities where the misconduct occurred
 - Additional training and educational materials for students and employees
 - Revision of Cosmetology and Spa Academy 'policies relating to sexual misconduct
 - · Climate surveys regarding sexual misconduct

APPEALS

Either the respondent or the complainant or both may appeal the determination of the hearing panel and/or the sanctions. Appeals are decided by the President of Cosmetology and Spa Academy The three grounds for appeal are: A procedural error affecting the determination or sanction;

New information that was not available at the time of the investigation or hearing and that may change the determination or sanction; and Excessiveness or insufficiency of the sanction.

Disagreement with the finding or sanctions is not, by itself, grounds for appeals.

The appealing student must submit the appeal in writing to the Owner of Cosmetology and Spa Academy within five days after receiving the sanctioning notice. If either the complainant or respondent submits an appeal, the Title IX Coordinator will notify the other that an appeal has been filed and the grounds of the appeal. The non- appealing student may submit a written response within five days after notice of an appeal. If the Owner concludes that a change in the hearing panel's determination is warranted, the Owner may enter a revised determination, reconvene the panel to reconsider the determination, or return the matter for additional investigation. After consultation with the Title IX Coordinator, the Owner may also change the sanction. If both the complainant and respondent appeal, the appeals will be considered concurrently. The Owner will notify the complainant and respondent of the final decision in writing. Appeals decisions will be rendered within 15 days after the receipt of the written appeal. All appeal decisions are final.

RECORDS DISCLOSURE

Disciplinary proceedings conducted by Cosmetology and Spa Academy are subject to the Family Educational Records and Privacy Act (FERPA), a federal law governing the privacy of student information. FERPA generally limits disclosure of student information outside Cosmetology and Spa Academy without the student's consent, but it does provide for release of student disciplinary information without a student's consent in certain circumstances.

Any information gathered in the course of an investigation may be subpoenaed by law enforcement authorities as part of a parallel investigation into the same conduct, or required to be produced through other compulsory legal process.

AMENDMENTS

Cosmetology and Spa Academy may amend its Sexual Misconduct Policies & Procedures from time to time. Nothing in such policies or procedures shall affect the inherent authority of the school to take such actions as it deems appropriate to further the educational mission or to protect the safety and security of the school community.

RESOURCE INFORMATION

CRYSTAL LAKE LOCATION

Fire Department: http://www.yellowpages.com/crystal-lake-il/mip/crystal-lake-fire-dept-486161740?lid=486161740

 $Police\ Department\ non-\ emergency: \underline{http://www.yellowpages.com/crystal-lake-il/mip/crystal-lake-police-dept-lake-il/mip/crystal-lake-police-dept-lake-il/mip/crystal-lake-police-dept-lake-il/mip/crystal-lake-police-dept-lake-il/mip/crystal-lake-police-dept-lake-il/mip/crystal-lake-police-dept-lake-police-dept-lake-il/mip/crystal-lake-police-dept-lake-police$

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Alcohol/Drug Treatment Center: http://www.drug-rehabs.org/Illinois-Crystal Lake-drug-rehab-treatment.htm

General Counseling Center: http://www.thecounselingcenter.net/main_pages/contact_us.htm

SCHAUMBURG LOCATION

Fire Department: http://www.villageofschaumburg.com/depts/fire/default.htm

Alcohol/Drug Treatment Center:

https://www.google.com/search?espv=2&q=alcohol%20drug%20treatment%20center%20schaumburg&oq=alcohol+drug+treatemenr+center+sch&gs_l=serp.1.0.33i21k1j33i160k113.3218.4105.0.6323.4.4.0.0.0.0.142.379.0j3.3.0....0...1c.1.64.serp..1.3.3 77...0i22i30k1j0i8i13i30k1.oSOXM7QjHJU&tbs=lf:1,lf_ui:2,lf_pqs:EAE&npsic=0&rflfq=1&rlha=0&rllag=42032879,-88082706,4627&tbm=lcl&rldimm=817257685754538684&ved=0ahUKEwj-4rzFi7XPAhUBhiYKHaWCBSMQvS4IVDAB

General Counseling: http://www.schaumburgtownship.org/departments/counseling-services/

Woman violence: http://www.asafeplaceforhelp.org/